

Using Beer Lambert Law to find concentration in unknown sample (orange juice):

$$A = \epsilon cl$$

### Pure Beta Carotene (97% pure) in ethanol

Concentration ( after twice dilution ) =  $\sim 2.6 * 10^{-6} \text{ M}$

Absorbance (at 453 nm) = 0.23801

Path length = 1.00 cm

$\epsilon$  = unknown

$$\epsilon = \sim 92000 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$$

### Orange juice ( previous year's measurement)

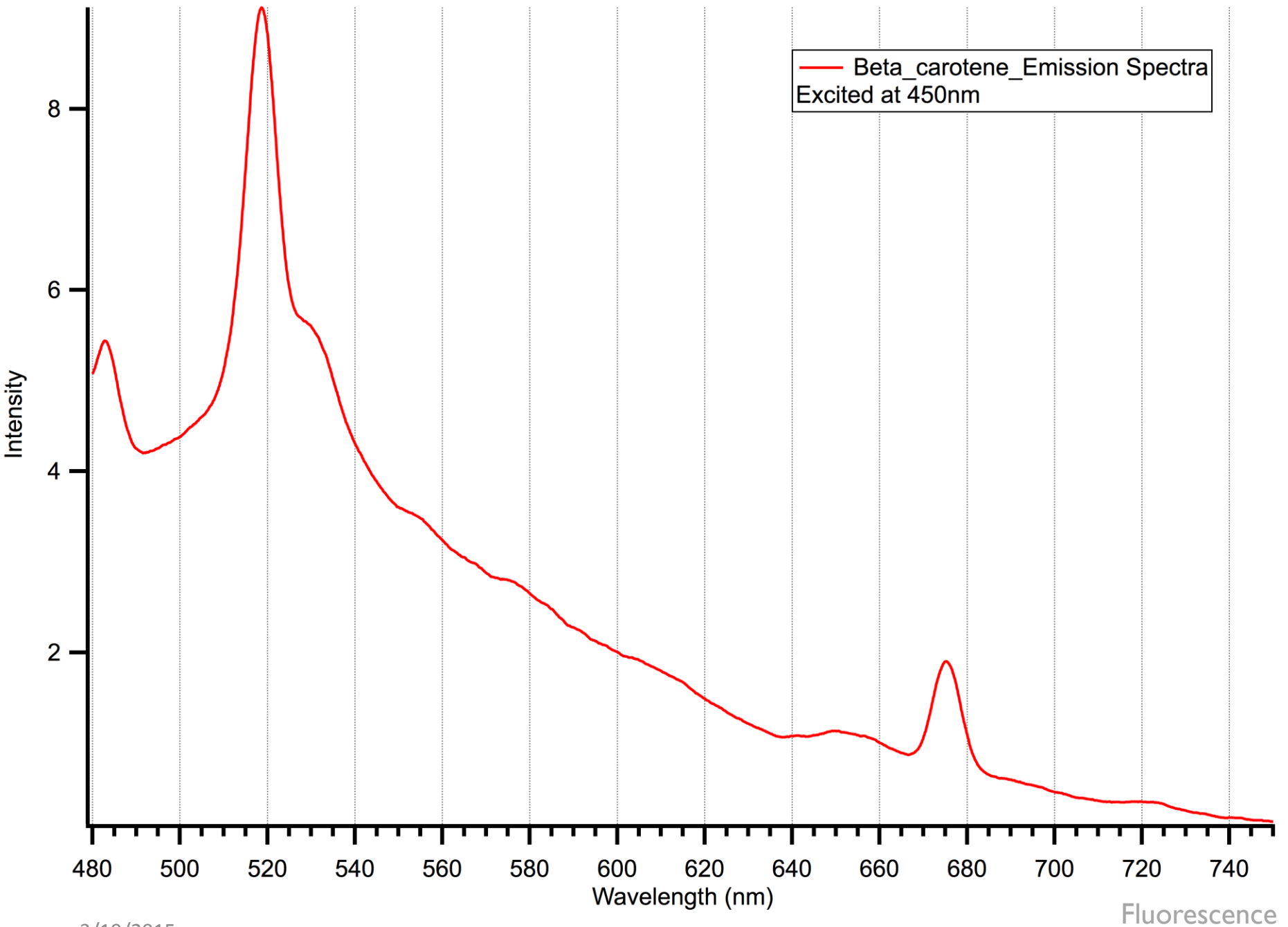
Absorbance (at 459 nm) = 0.19514

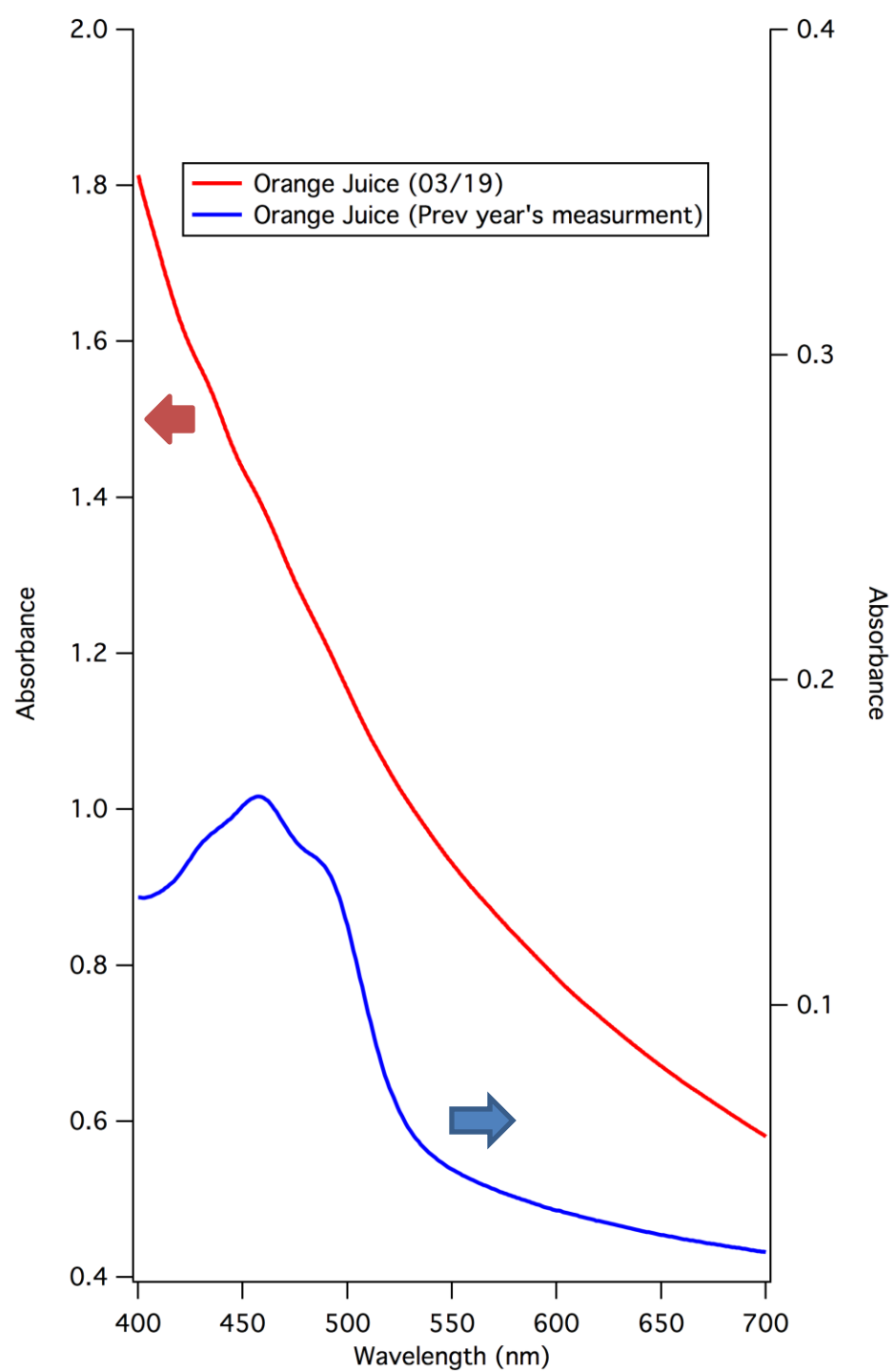
Path length = 1.00cm

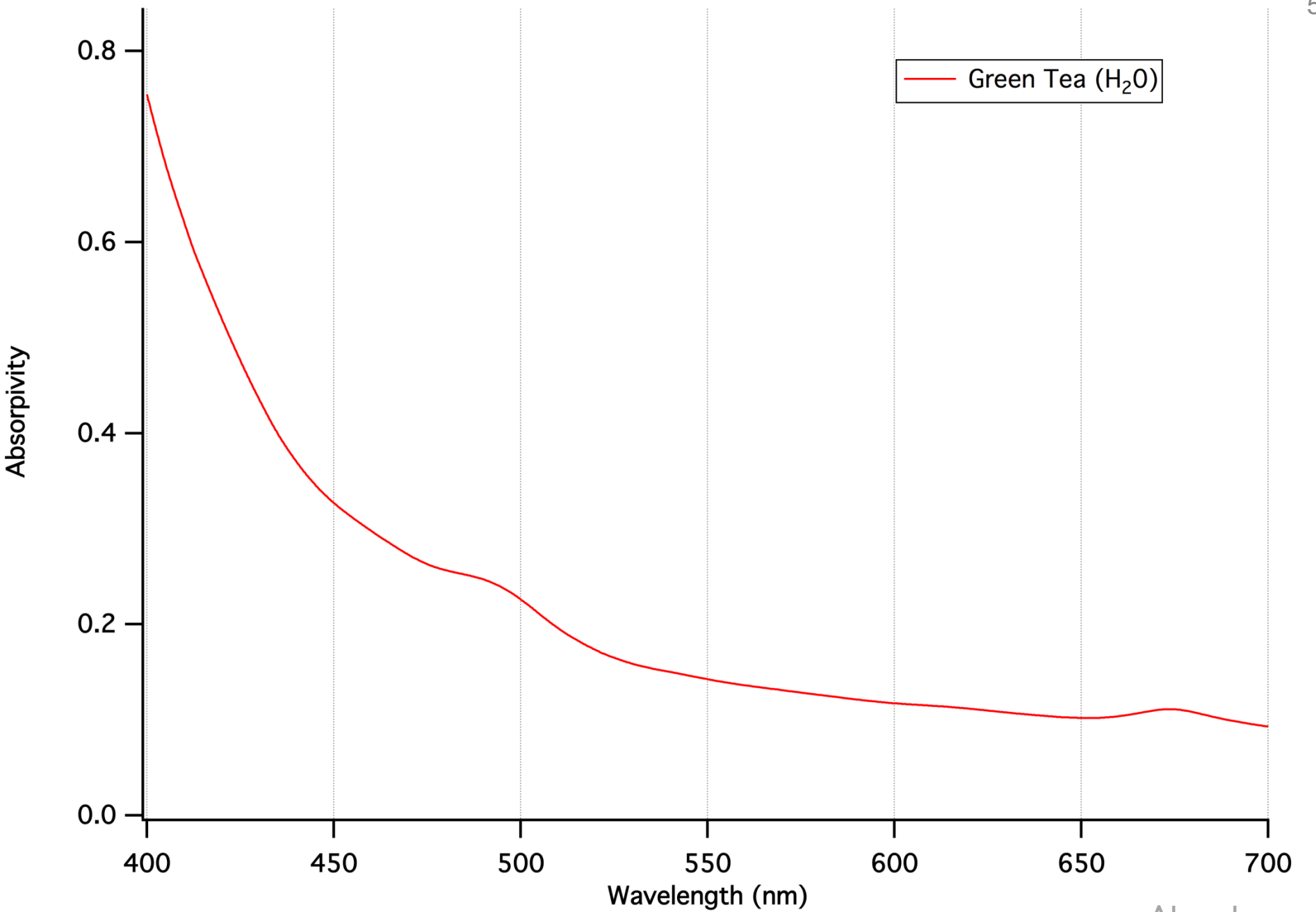
c=unknown

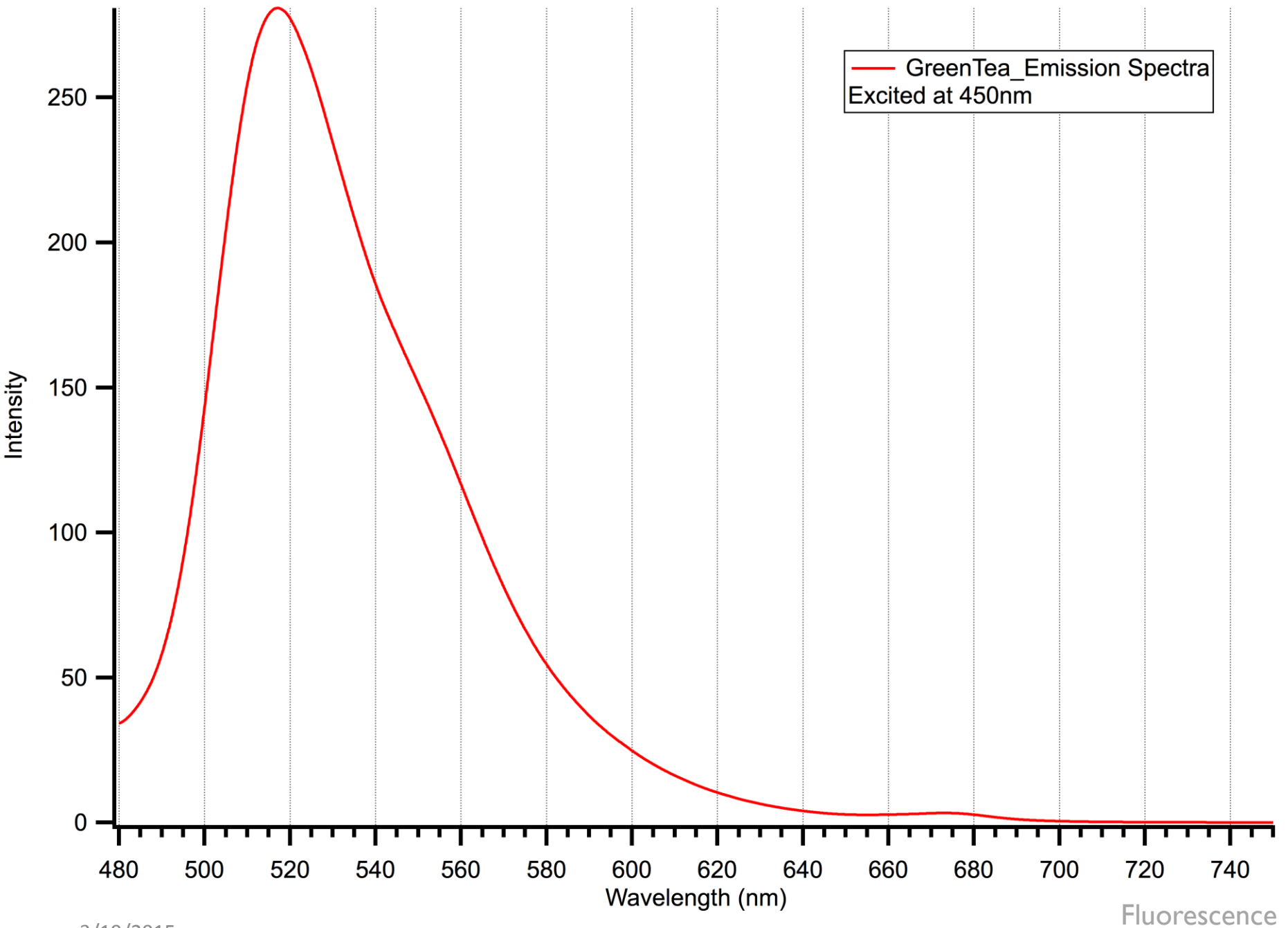
$$\text{Concentration} = (A / \epsilon * l)$$

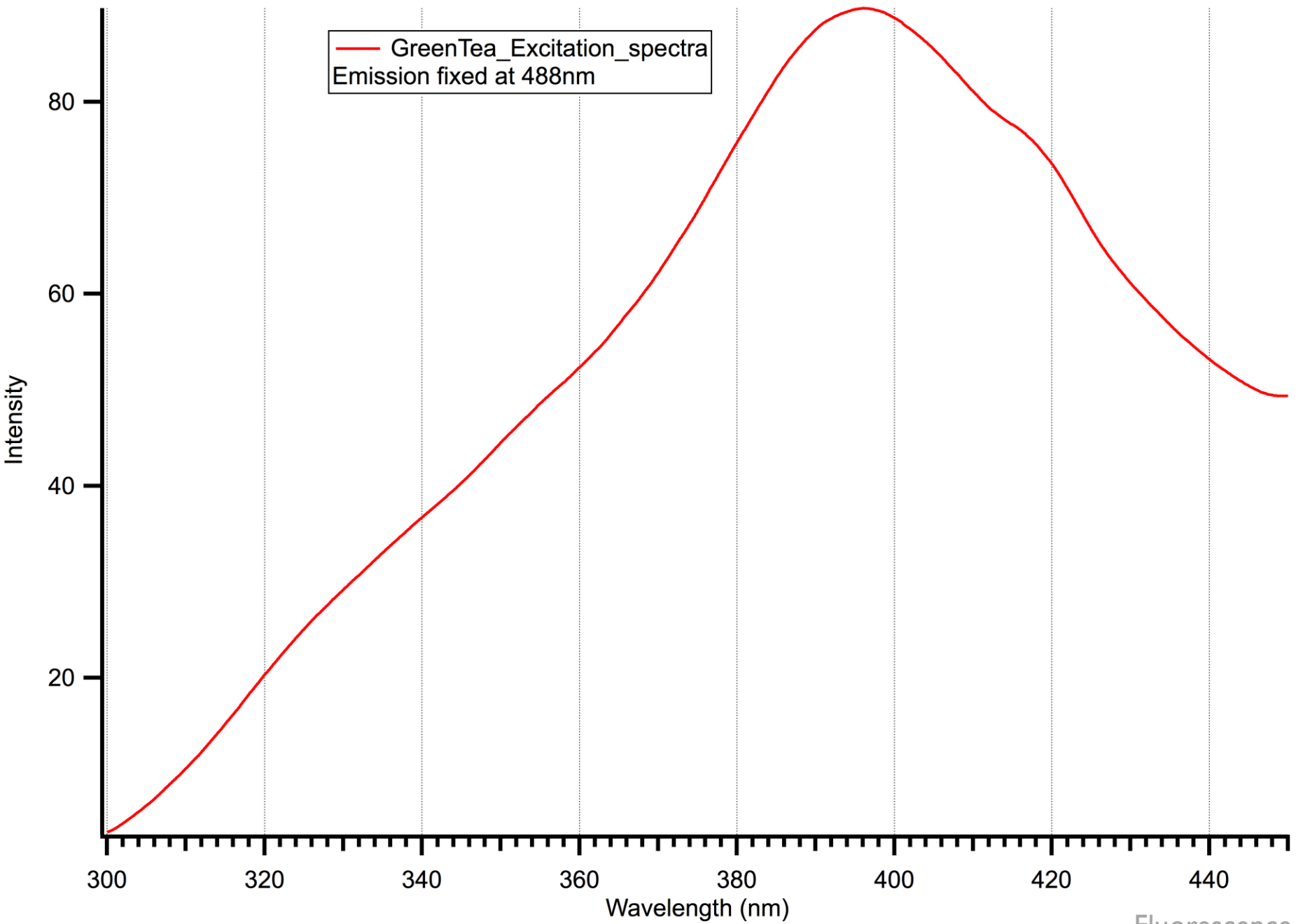
$$\text{Concentration (of Beta-carotene in Orange juice)} = \sim 2.12 * 10^{-6} \text{ M}$$

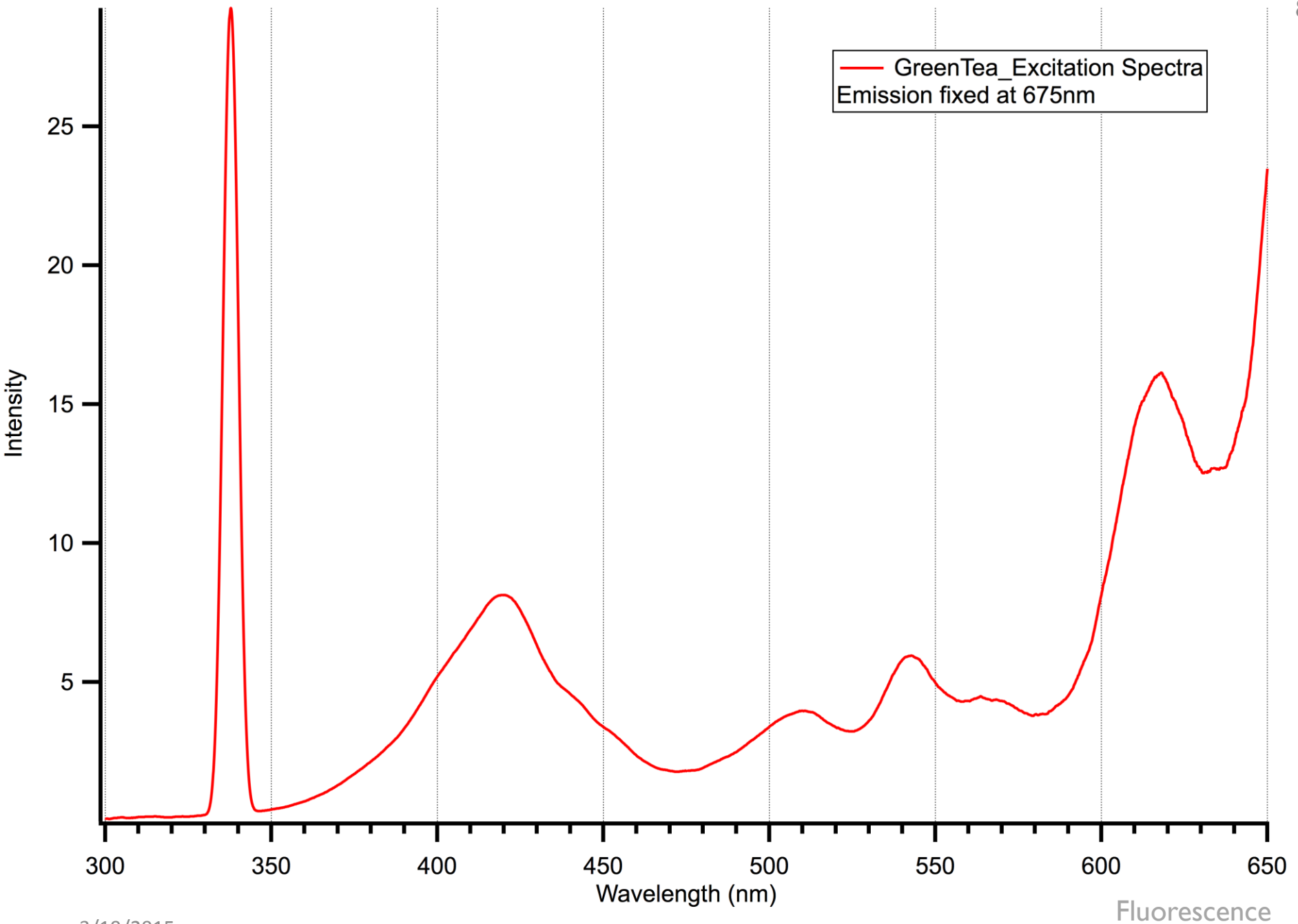




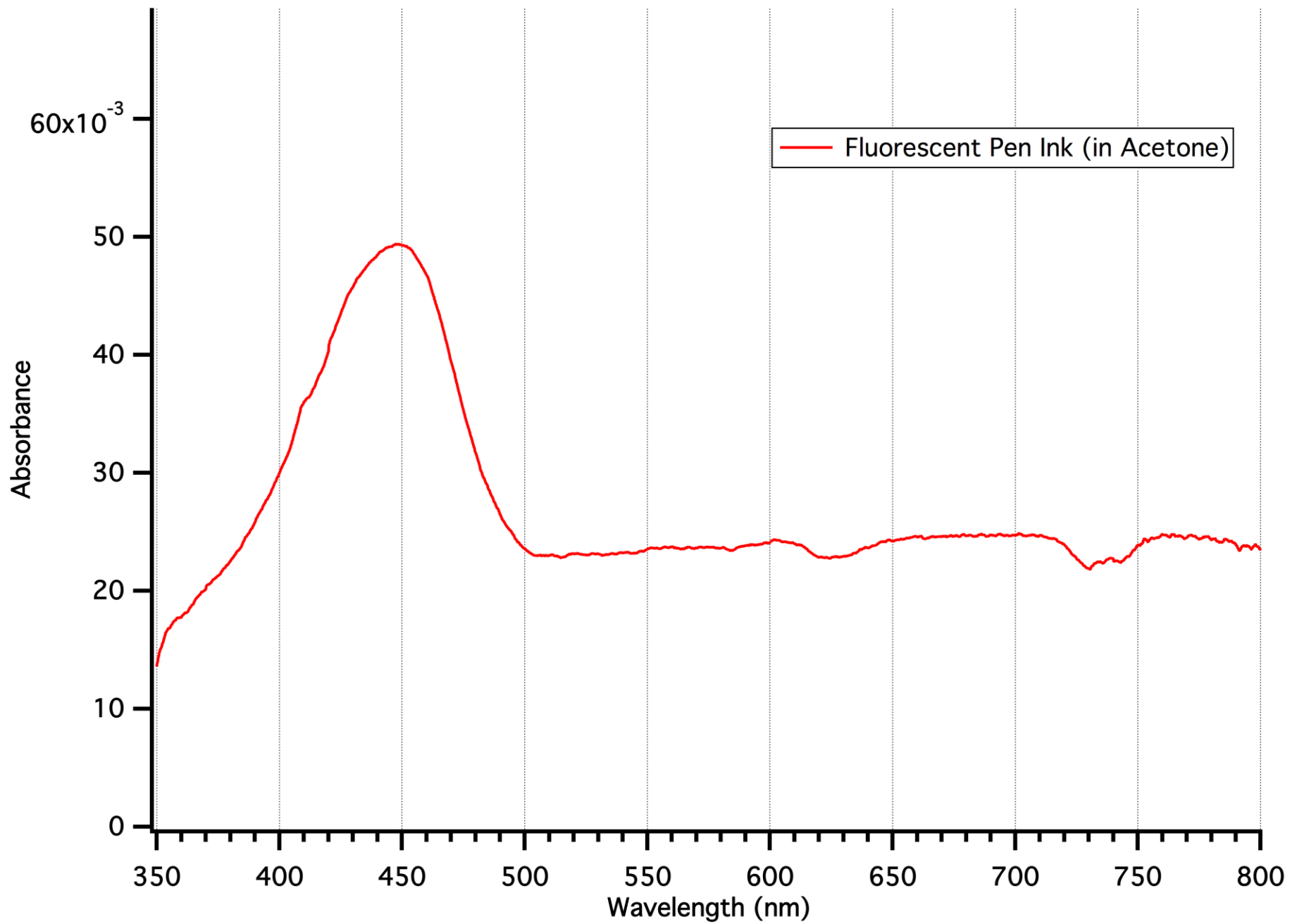


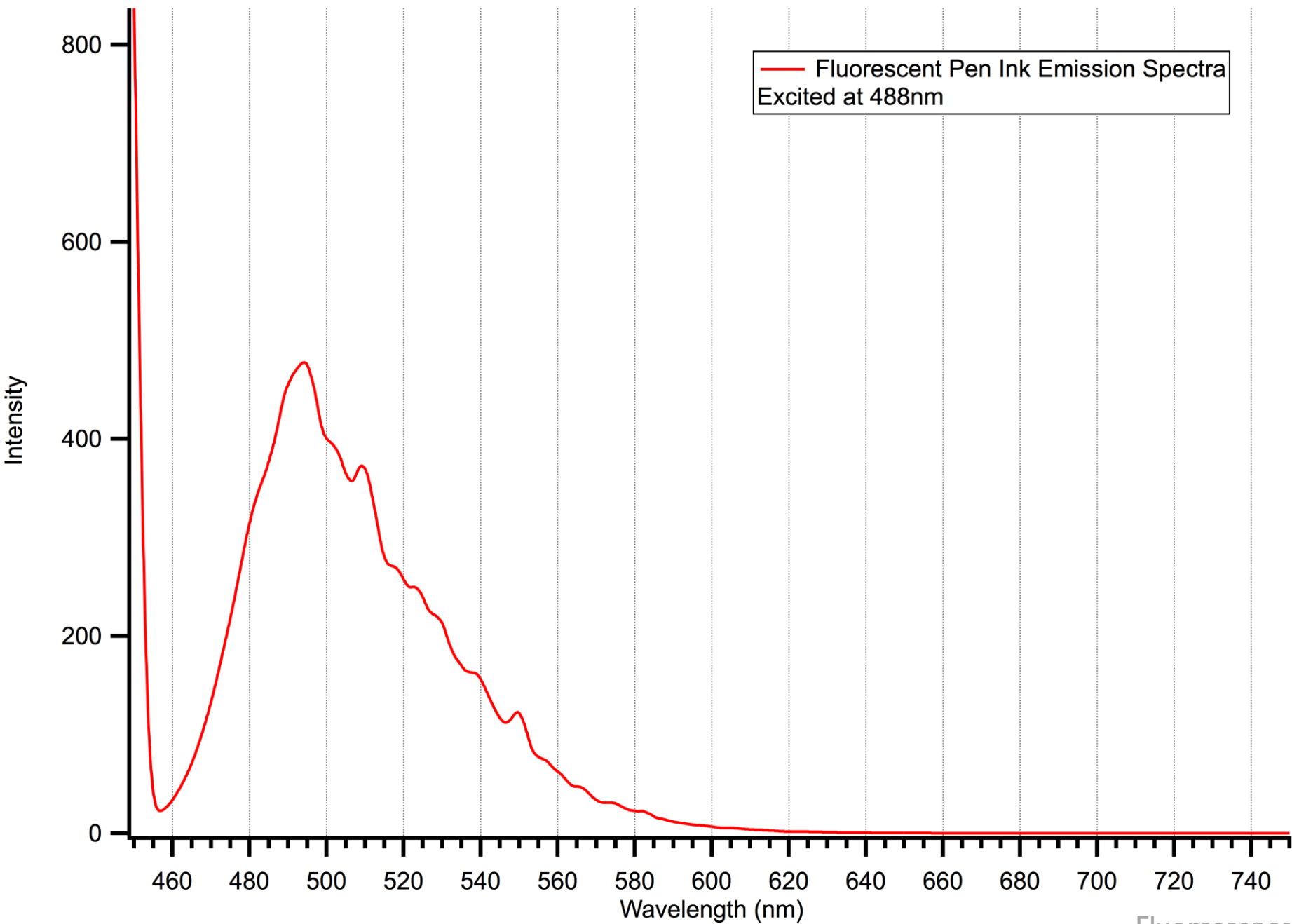


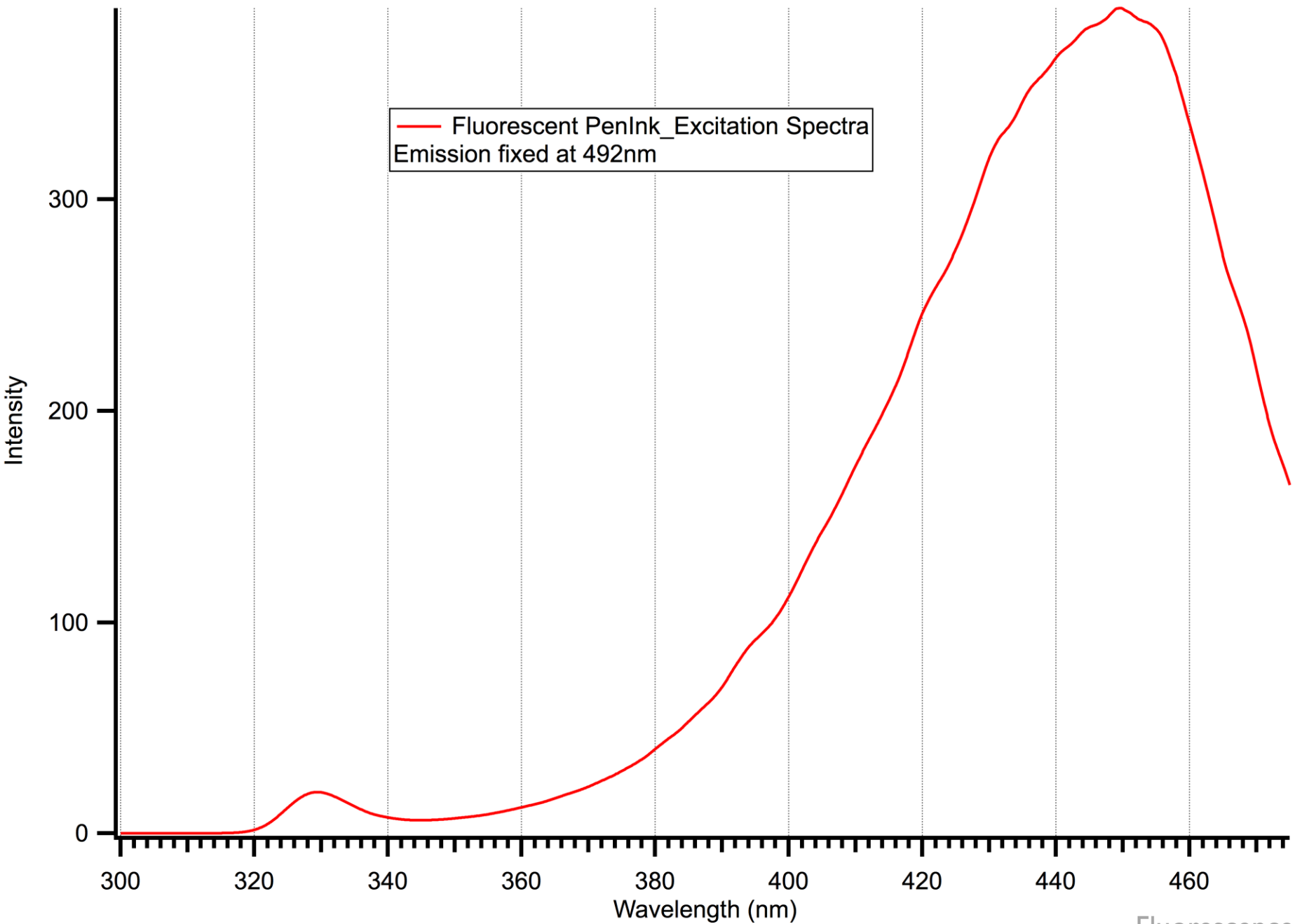














**Fluorescent ink ( excited with 488nm )**